Case Study: New Use Development Site

Sampling Strategies and Data Analyses For A Redevelopment Project

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Given Facts:

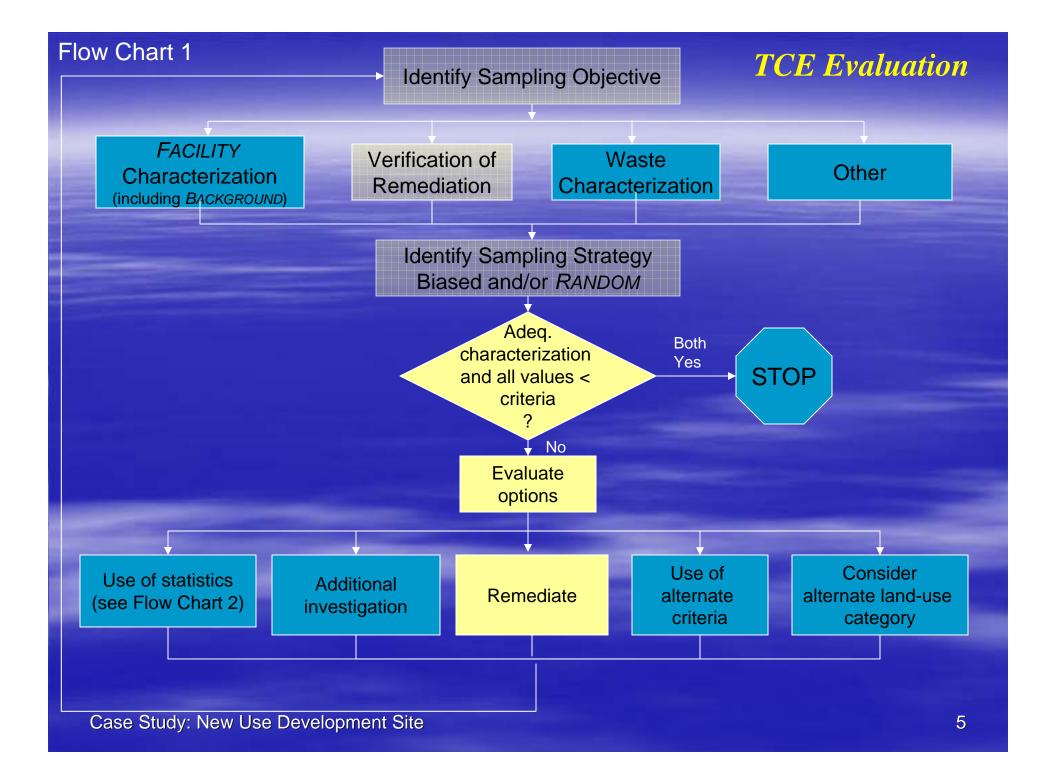
- NUD acquired a vacant 2-acre parcel formerly occupied by Acme Widgets.
- NUD intends to redevelop the property for residential uses.
- NUD hired Really Good Consultants, Inc. to perform assessment of the property.
- Groundwater at site is not in an aquifer and no GSI concerns exist.
- Visually discernible fill is present on portion of site, but underlying soils are clean.

Site Assessment Findings:

 Screening of soils in vicinity of old floor drain discovered during demolition of the building revealed Trichloroethene (TCE) impacts. Impacted soils were previously sampled and removed by Acme. No information re: source of TCE is available.

Site Assessment Findings:

Data from post-excavation sampling in TCE release area show three samples exceed SVIIC criterion (7100 ug/kg). RGC states that additional removal and sampling will be performed in the TCE RELEASE area.



Site Assessment Findings:

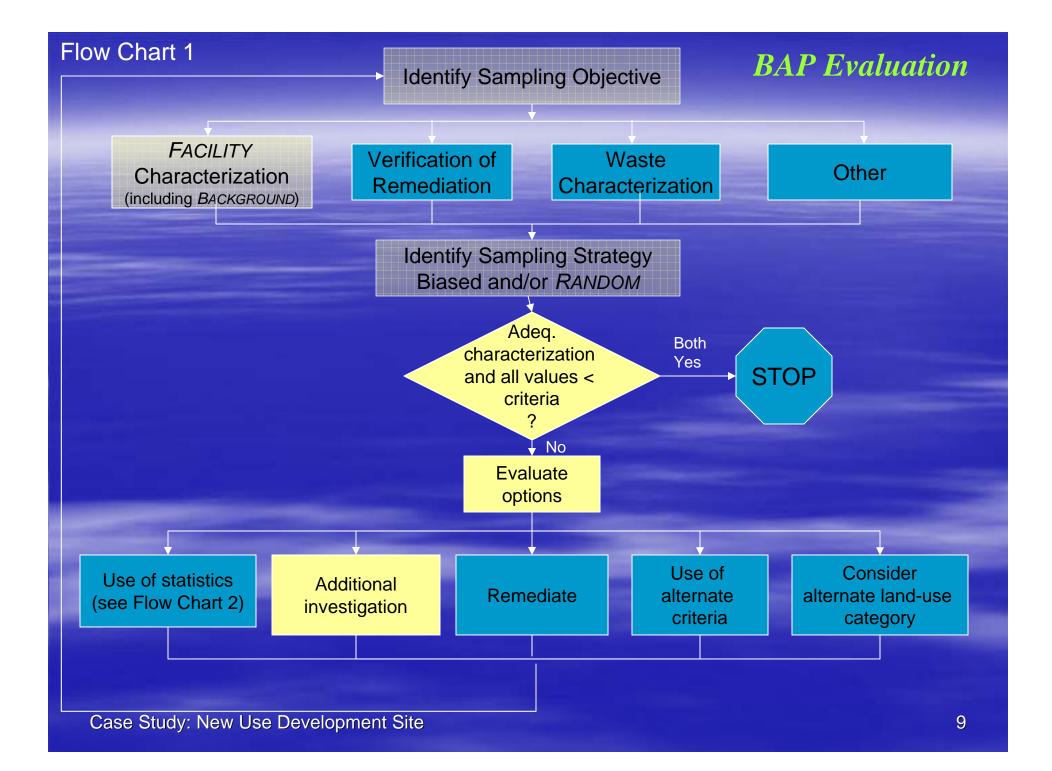
- Initial soils sampling shows benzo(a)pyrene (BAP) present in fill over approx. ½ of the site (top 6 in. to 1 ft.).
- Levels below soil residential direct contact criterion (2000 ug/kg) at all locations except Location 4.
- Average BAP level (1000 ug/kg) for 2 acres was calculated using ½ detection limit for samples that were ND.
- Average is below criterion.

RGC concludes that data show that all BAP releases have been addressed and the site meets Part 201 Generic Residential Criteria.

Question: Can we agree?

Answer: Not yet! Here's why:

- Fill Area:
 - Not adequately characterized: only 8 samples for 2-acre site. Possible BAP HOT SPOT at Location 4.
 - Extent of BAP appears confined to fill portion of site, but need to confirm boundary.
 - Use of average for BAP value inappropriate.
 - Site characterization inadequate (HOT SPOTS?).
 - EXPOSURE UNIT (EU) too large.
 - Should estimate REPRESENTATIVE CONCENTRATION using a 95% upper confidence limit for the mean.



Our Recommendations:

- Fill Area:
 - Evaluate Location 4 for possible BAP HOT
 SPOT by stepping out with additional samples.
 - Perform additional biased sampling along apparent boundary of fill to confirm.
 - Perform additional sampling in fill area to adequately characterize BAP and identify other potential HOT SPOTS.
- TCE Release Area:
 - Excavate further and provide additional verification data.

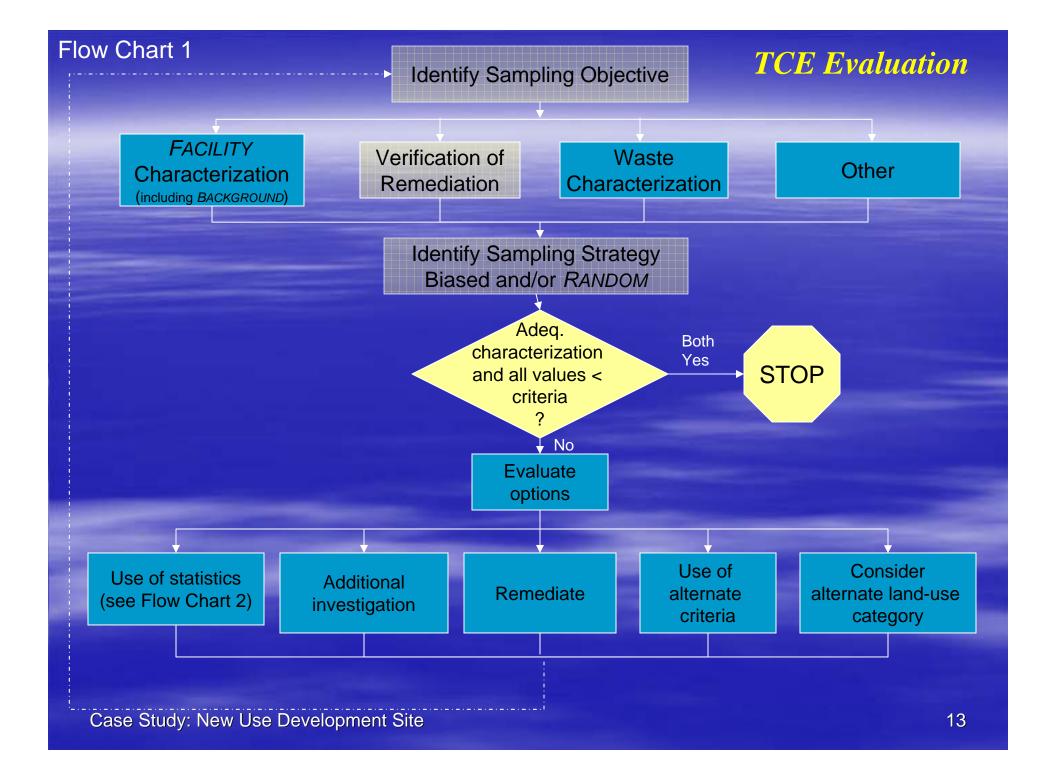
RGC performs soils removal and additional sampling at site. Supplemental information provided:

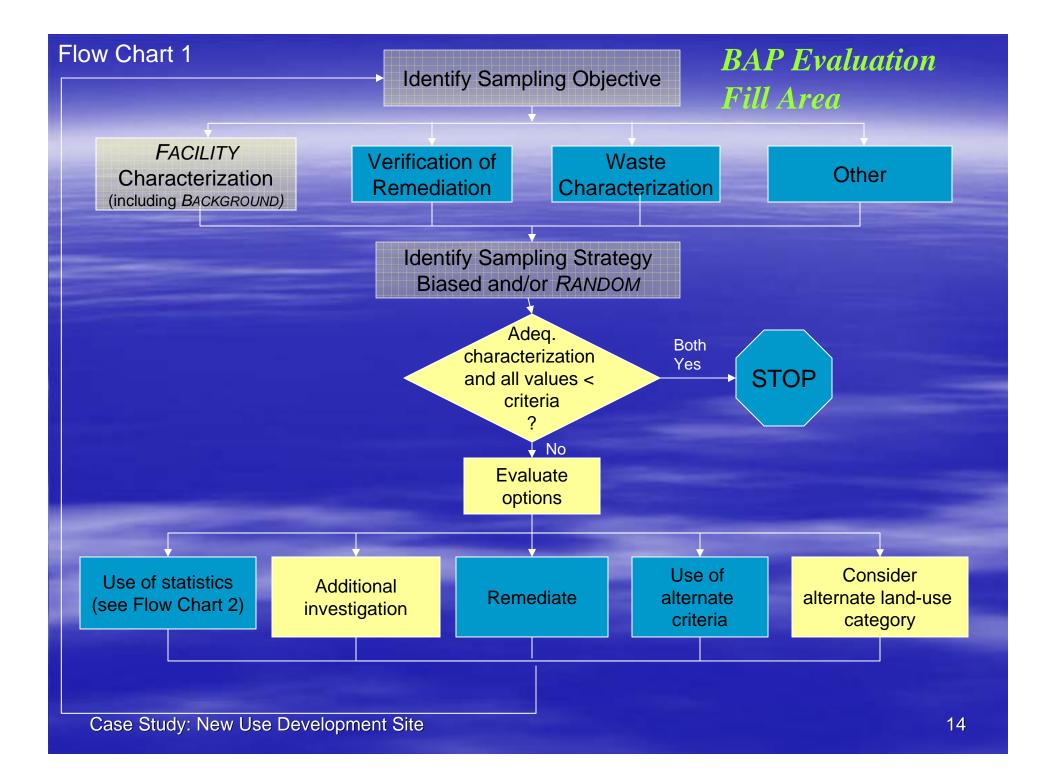
- Post-removal sampling of TCE RELEASE area shows all samples below criterion.
- Verification sampling was conducted in accordance with Section 1.3.1 of Sampling Strategies (see S³TM).
- Stepping out around Location 4 with 16 samples confirms 50' diameter BAP HOT SPOT.
- 4 additional samples along fill area confirm BAP impacts limited to fill materials.
- Note: All comparisons to criteria have been point-bypoint thus far.

RGC Recommendations:

- No further investigation of TCE RELEASE area necessary.
- Presence of unexpected BAP HOT SPOT makes careful evaluation of confirmed fill area necessary. RGC proposes:
 - 1) capping of HOT SPOT and
 - 2) sampling of fill area using a 20' systematic RANDOM grid to allow detection of 25' diameter HOT SPOTS.

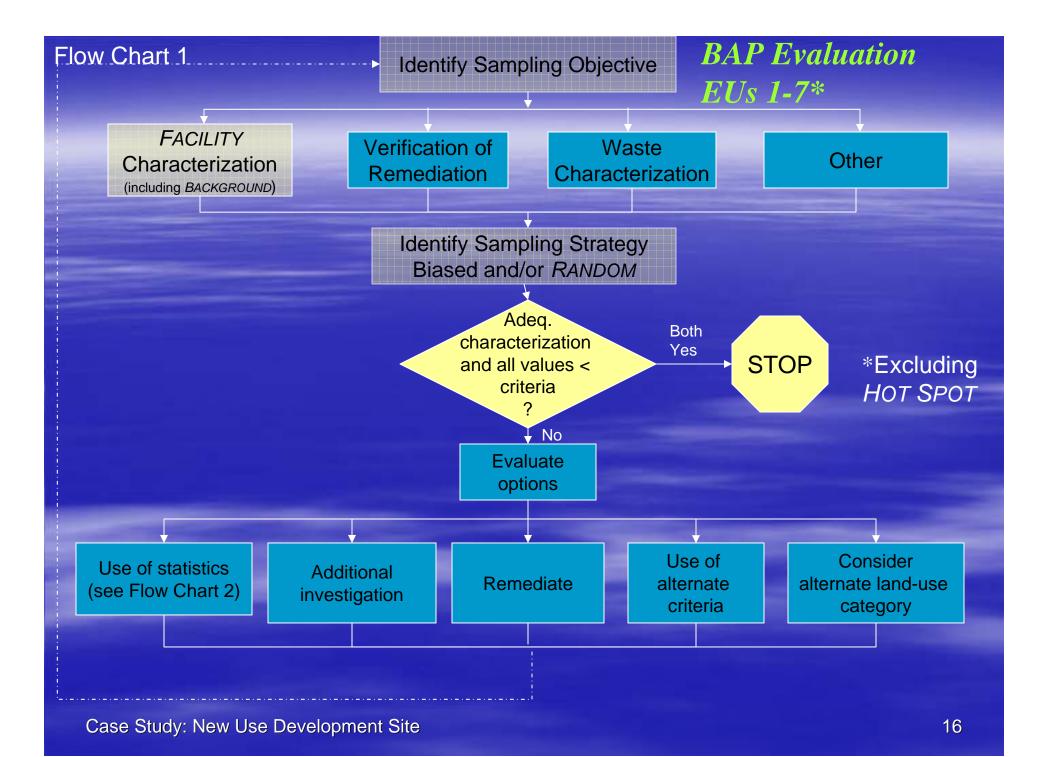
DEQ concurs and RGC proceeds.

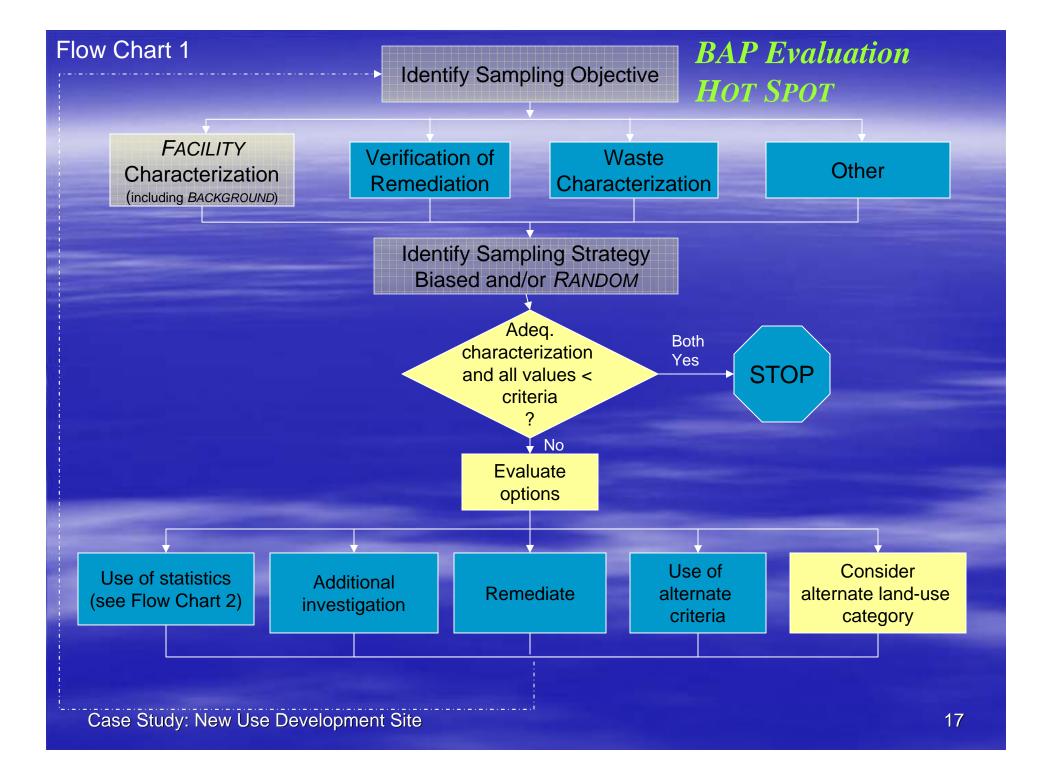


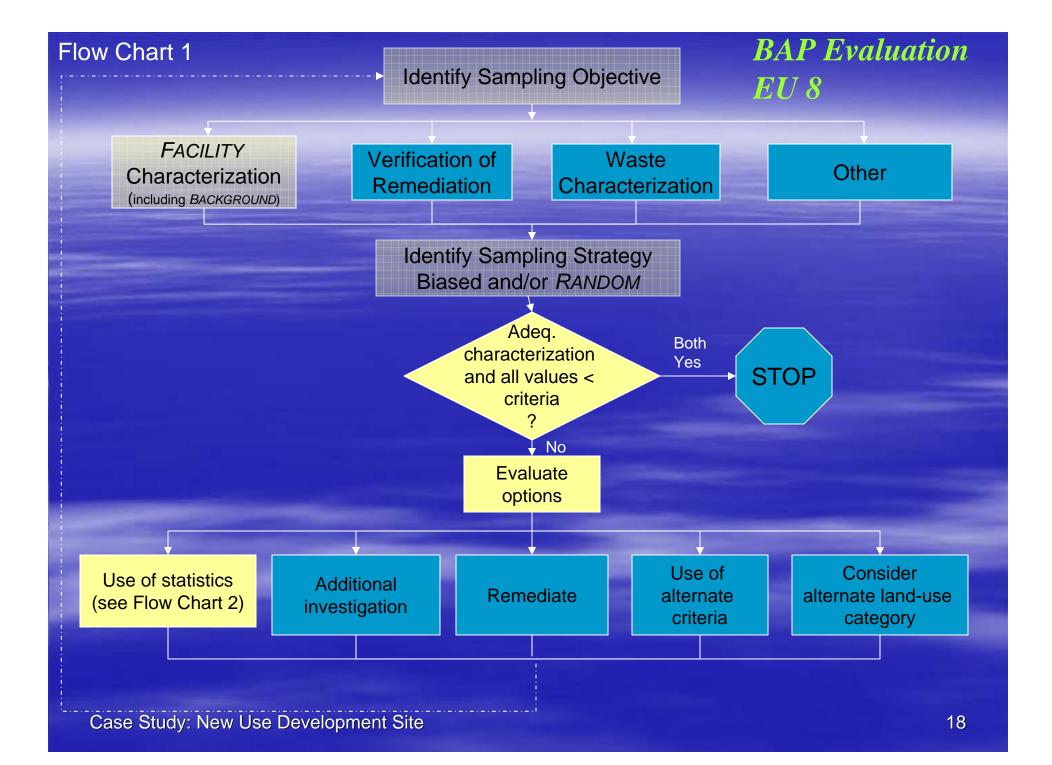


RGC submits report which shows:

- Grid sampling shows all points < criterion except Location 133 @ 3000 ug/kg.
- Location 133 evaluated by stepping out. Data show no HOT SPOT.
- Upon defining ¼-acre EXPOSURE UNITS
 (EUs), EUs 1-7 < criterion except HOT SPOT at location 4.
- BAP concentrations in EU8 must be further evaluated.

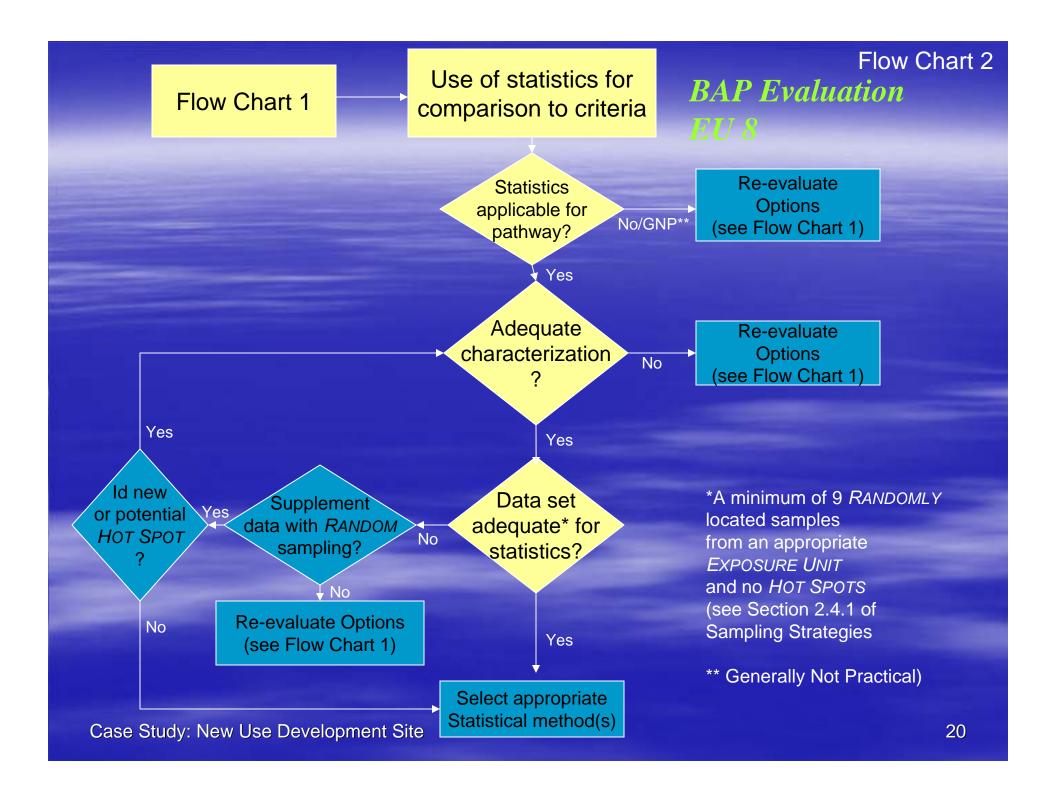




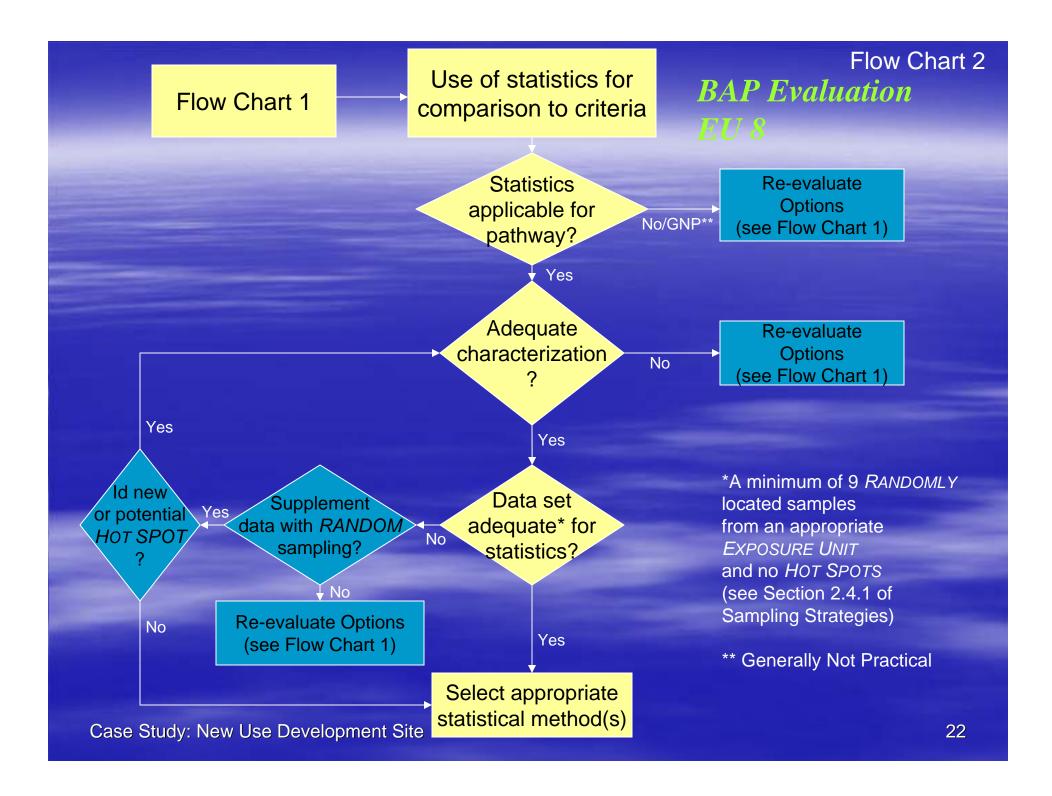


What next?

 Evaluate use of statistics to demonstrate compliance with residential soil DC criterion of 2000 ug/kg in EU8.



- Adequate data set?
 - YES.
 - Minimum of 9 RANDOM samples (n=25).
 - From an appropriate EXPOSURE UNIT (for generic residential soil DC criterion, ¼-acre).
 - No HOT SPOTS identified.
 - Since location 133 (3000 ug/kg) was not a HOT SPOT, include in the statistical analysis to derive a REPRESENTATIVE CONCENTRATION.
 - Do not include step out samples around location 133.



Ready to upload...

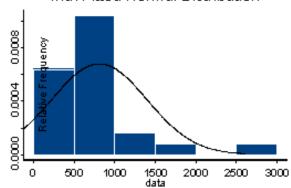
	Α	В	С
1	Area	BAP (ug/kg)	BAP (ug/kg).nondetect
2	EU8	700	0
3	EU8	900	0
4	EU8	730	0
5	EU8	430	0
6	EU8	440	0
7	EU8	590	0
8	EU8	910	0
9	EU8	810	0
10	EU8	750	0
11	EU8	460	0
12	EU8	330	1
13	EU8	1500	0
14	EU8	1000	0
15	EU8	750	0
16	EU8	330	0
17	EU8	1800	0
18	EU8	780	0
19	EU8	410	0
20	EU8	1200	0
21	EU8	520	0
22	EU8	520	0
23	EU8	430	0
24	EU8	3000	0
25	EU8	700	0
26	EU8	410	0

BAP concentrations in EU8, ug/kg

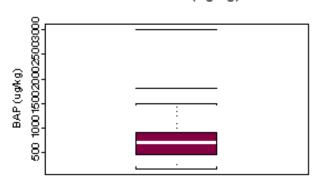
Statistical Interface for Part 201 Evaluations Normal Distribution Analysis for BAP (ug/kg)

Data Set Name: Exercise 4

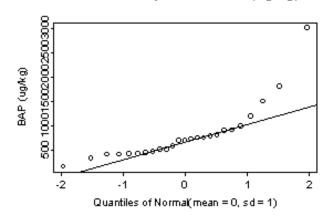
Histogram of Observed Data with Fitted Normal Distribution



Box Plot of BAP (ug/kg) Data



Normal Probability Plot of BAP (ug/kg) Data



Summary Statistics

Sample Size:	25
Coefficient of Variation:	0.723422
Coefficient of Skewness:	2.353798

Results of Shapiro-Wilk GOF Hypothesized Distribution:

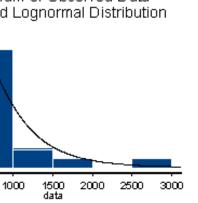
Estimated Parameters: mean = 809.4sd = 585.5381Test Statistic: W = 0.7428002Test Statistic Parameter: n = 25p-value: 2.905827 e-5 Since $p \le .05$ conclude distribution is not normal.

Statistical Interface for Part 201 Evaluations

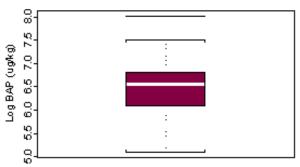
Lognormal Distribution Analysis for BAP (ug/kg) Data Set Name: Exercise 4

Histogram of Observed Data

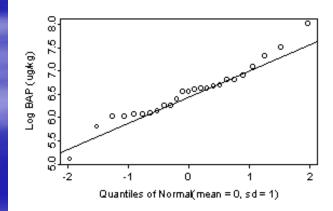
with Fitted Lognormal Distribution 0.0012



Box Plot of Log BAP (ug/kg) Data



Normal Probability Plot of Log BAP (ug/kg) Data



Summary Statistics

Sample Size:	25
Coefficient of Variation:	0.09108
Coefficient of Skewness:	0.2635762
D 10 COL 1 M	V/II 0.0F

Results of Shapiro-Wilk GOF

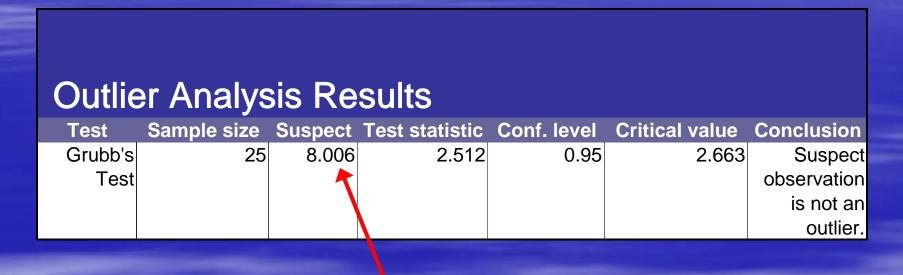
Hypothesized Distribution: Lognormal Estimated Parameters: meanlog = 6.515647 sdlog = 0.5934455 Test Statistic: W = 0.9655081Test Statistic Parameter: n = 250.534591 Since $p \ge 0.05$ conclude distribution is lognormal.

0,0004 0,0008

0.000

500

Statistical Interface for Part 201 Evaluations



Natural log (ln) of highest value

Note: Grubb's Test was used here to test for a single, high outlier.

Statistical Interface for Part 201 Evaluations

Outlier Analysis Results

Test	Sample size	Suspect	Test statistic	Conf. level	Critical value	Conclusion
Rosner's	25	8.006368	2.512	0.95	2.82	Not an
Test		1				outlier
Rosner's	24	5.105945	2.609	0.95	2.8	Not an
Test						outlier

Natural logs (In) of highest and lowest values

Note: Rosner's Test was used here to test for two outliers: one high and one low.

Statistical Interface for Part 201 Evaluations

Upper Confidence Limit Analysis Results

Label	Value
Assumed Distribution:	Lognormal
Data:	BAP (ug/kg)
Sample Size:	25
Confidence Interval Method:	Land
Confidence Level:	95%
Upper Confidence Limit for the Mean:	1031.8

The 95% UCL for the mean (1031 ug/kg) < 2000 ug/kg. Conclude the mean concentration in EU8 is less than the generic residential soil DC criterion.

Conclusions:

- TCE RELEASE area has been adequately characterized and remediated.
- Characterization of BAP on 2-acre property is adequate.
- 50' BAP HOT SPOT at location 4 to be capped.
 Changes remedy from generic to limited.
- All other BAP concentrations in EUs 1-7 meet DC criterion of 2000 ug/kg on a pt-by-pt basis.
- Statistical analysis demonstrates that the mean BAP concentration in EU8 is below 2000 ug/kg.

Soils Waste Classification

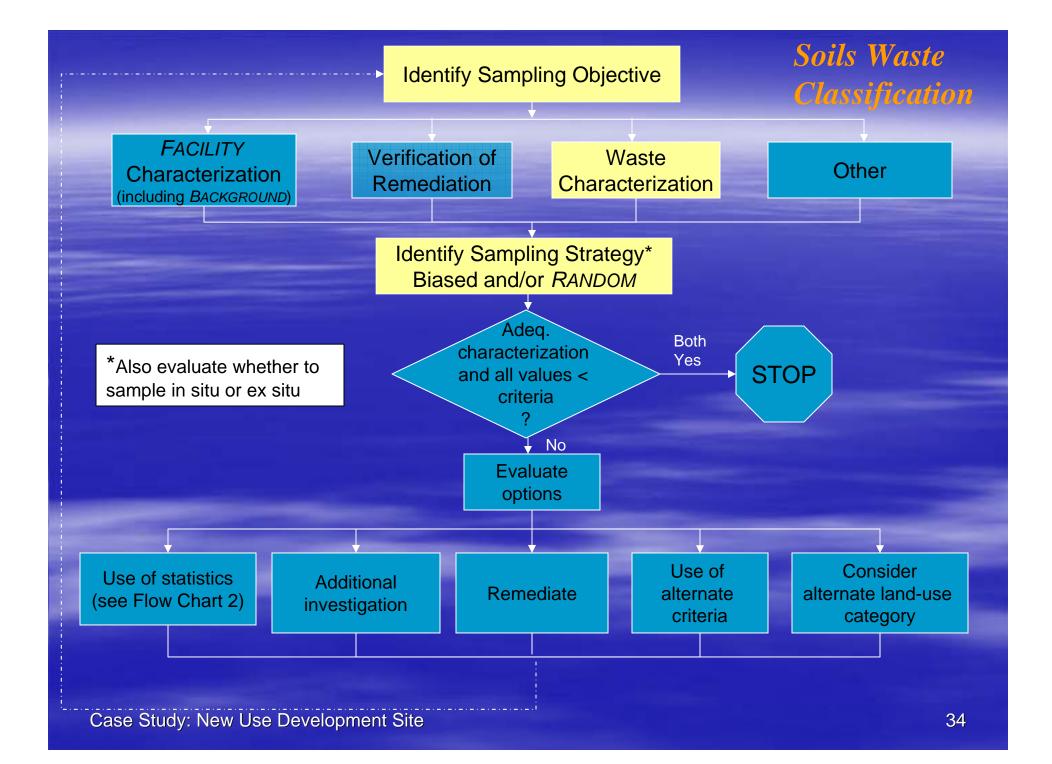
Jack Schinderle

Knowns:

- Soils impacted by TCE.
- Source of TCE unknown.
- Concentration in one floor sample (prior to additional excavation) was 11000 ug/kg (Figure 7).
- Exceeds 20 X RT (10000 ug/kg).

- Source Unknown.
 - MDEQ files.
 - Manifest Records.
 - Other Historical Information.
- Source cannot be linked to a HW listing.
- Does not require management as listed HW.

- Not listed Look at Characteristics.
- TCE > 20 X rule of thumb.
 - 20 X RT for materials that are 100% solid.
 - Assumes leaching at 100%.
- Existing verification data not adequate to determine (Figure 7).
 - Not representative of the excavated soil.
 - Number.
 - Location.
- Further analysis required.



- Further sampling and analysis in situ.
 - Run TCLP on original sample > 20 X RT (if possible).
 - Run TCLP/Totals on new samples from location over 20 X RT (Figure 7).
 - Failure: RANDOM sample and stats.
 - Totals and/or TCLP.
 - Small site grid = 12 samples (Section 1.3 of Sampling Strategies).
 - Failure:
 - Define extent of hot area and remove as HW, or
 - Collect additional samples (sample size formulas, Section 3.2 of Statistical Methods section of S³TM)

- Sampling and analysis ex situ.
 - Biased sampling and point-by-point comparison.
 - Totals and/or TCLP.
 - 8 samples based on volume (Section 2.1.2 of Waste Characterization).
 - Random samples and stats.
 - Totals and/or TCLP.
 - Small site grid = 12 samples (Section 2.2.2 of Waste Characterization).
 - Failure: Manage as Hazardous Waste.

- What if the contaminants were linked to a listed source?
 - Soils would be managed as listed waste under the contained-in policy.
 - Type B criteria for soil is 44 ug/kg.
 - Verification samples exceed 44 and would be managed as HW when generated/excavated (Figure 8).
 - Prudent to place notice in deed, but not required.

Work Group Exercise

Evaluation of Remedial Alternatives

Summary:

- TCE RELEASE area was adequately remediated by excavation and collection of verification samples.
- Characterization of BAP on 2-acre property is adequate.
- 50' BAP HOT SPOT at location 4 to be capped. Changes remedy from generic to limited.
- All other BAP concentrations in EUs 1-7 meet DC criterion of 2000 ug/kg on a pt-by-pt basis.
- Statistical analysis demonstrates that the mean BAP concentration in EU8 is below 2000 ug/kg.

Question:

Are there any other approaches that could have been used at this site?